

# PW3335

Wattmetro ad 1 canale  
CA/CC, 1000V-30/5000A,  
banda di frequenza  
da DC a 100kHz



**PW3335** è un wattmetro digitale di precisione a 1 canale di ingresso V + I, in grado di misurare e integrare il consumo di potenza in corrente continua e/o alternata di svariate tipologie di apparecchiature elettriche, al fine di valutare il consumo energetico della fase di stand-by e di tutto il ciclo operativo del dispositivo monofase. PW3335 è in grado di misurare segnali elettrici in corrente continua CC ed in corrente alternata AC fino a 100kHz, su portate di misura che spaziano dai 6V ai 1000V (come fondo scala) e da 1mA a 30A (come fondo scala in misura diretta). Per la misura di corrente, PW3335 offre la possibilità di abbinare sensori amperometrici per una misura massima di corrente che può raggiungere i 5000A.

## Caratteristiche avanzate

- Elevatissima accuratezza di misura ( $\pm 0.1\% \text{rdg} \pm 0.1\% \text{fs}$ ) per Tensione, Corrente e Potenza Attiva.
- Campo di Frequenza dei segnali in misura: continua CC e da 0.1Hz a 100kHz.
- Misura di corrente in inserzione diretta fino a 30A e tramite sensori amperometrici fino a 5000A.
- Misura ed analisi delle componenti armoniche fino al 50° ordine, secondo la norma CEI EN 61000-4-7.
- Valutazione del consumo energetico in STAND-BY secondo la norma CEI EN 62301, la Direttiva ErP e lo standard ENERGY STAR.
- Elevata stabilità di misura, anche in condizioni di basso Fattore di Potenza, per test a vuoto di trasformatori e motori elettrici.
- 5 versioni disponibili, in funzione delle diverse interfacce di comunicazione e opzioni di misura.

## Principali campi di applicazione

- Valutazione del consumo energetico in STAND-BY.
- Produzione, Ricerca & Sviluppo e Collaudo di dispositivi monofase quali alimentatori per elettronica, condizionatori, elettrodomestici e apparecchiature elettroniche di consumo quali TV, lettori DVD, decoder, stereo, PC, monitor...
- Misura dell'efficienza elettrica di convertitori di potenza (inverter) dedicati al settore fotovoltaico.
- Analisi delle capacità di conversione di dispositivi di soccorso quali UPS, gruppi di continuità, caricabatterie, dispositivi di ricarica per veicoli elettrici/ibridi, ecc...
- Osservazione del contenuto armonico prodotto dai dispositivi elettrici ed elettronici, in conformità alle richieste normative della CEI EN 61000-4-7.

## 1 Misura in continua CC e per frequenze da 0.1Hz a 100kHz, con analisi armonica integrata

Misura lo stand-by di alimentatori, sia su primario in CA, sia su secondario in CC. Misura la conversione di potenza di inverter.



### Measured power parameters

Voltage	Current	Effective power	Apparent power
Reactive power	Power factor	Phase angle	Frequency
Integral current	Effective integral power	Waveform peak value	Crest factor
Maximum current ratio	Time-averaged current	Time-averaged effective power	Ripple rate

### Harmonic measurement parameters

Harmonic effective value	Harmonic effective power	Total harmonic distortion	Fundamental wave effective value
Fundamental wave effective power	Fundamental wave apparent power	Fundamental wave reactive power	Fundamental wave power factor (displacement power factor)
Fundamental wave voltage/current phase difference	Harmonic wave content		
Harmonic voltage phase angle*	Harmonic current phase angle*	Harmonic voltage/current phase difference*	

\*: Only with PC communication

## 2 Elevata precisione di misura $\pm 0.1\%$ , su un range dal 1% al 150% del fondo scala

Portate di tensione: da 6.0000V a 1.0000kV (fino a  $\pm 1500V$  di picco)

Portate di corrente: da 1.0000mA a 20.000A (massimo 30A)

Grazie all'accuratezza di misura su scala estesa, PW3335 riduce gli effetti di cambio scala per carichi ad elevata fluttuazione di assorbimento



## 3 Misura di potenza in fase di STAND-BY secondo la norma CEI EN 62301

PW3335 offre una libertà di configurazione che consente di svolgere prove di bassissimi assorbimenti con un eccezionale margine di precisione.

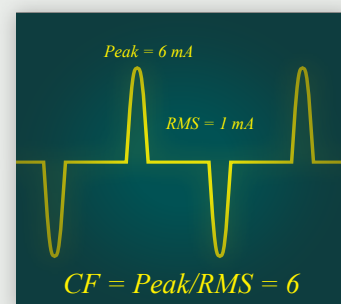
La risoluzione in corrente pari a 10uA su una prima portata in tensione di 6V, determina una portata minima di potenza attiva di 6.0000mW, mentre le prestazioni sulle correnti più alte consentono misure fino a 20kW.



## 4 Misura del picco fino al 600% della portata, con Fattore di Cresta = 6

Le forme d'onda di corrente in uscita da alimentatori switching o al primario degli inverter sono di tipo impulsivo con fronte di salita-discesa molto ripido, che molto spesso oltrepassa la portata di misura impedendo l'esecuzione di misure affidabili ed attendibili.

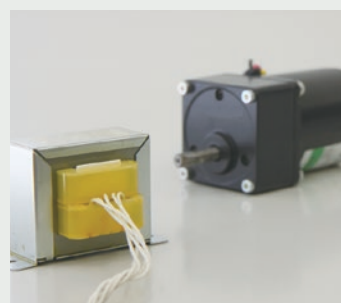
PW3335 risolve queste situazioni grazie ad un Fattore di Cresta pari a 6, che permette misure accurate anche con fenomeni di picco molto superiori alla corrente nominale di lavoro.



## 5 Effetto del Fattore di Potenza inferiore al 0.1% del fondo scala

Il valore di potenza misurato da wattmetri "comuni" è spesso affetto da elevato errore di misura causato dal basso valore del Fattore di Potenza presente su trasformatori e motori a vuoto o senza carico.

Questa situazione, tipica della fase di non-funzionamento o STAND-BY, si presenta in modo molto marginale (0.1%f.s.) utilizzando PW3335.



## 6 Elaborazione simultanea di parametri armonici e di potenza

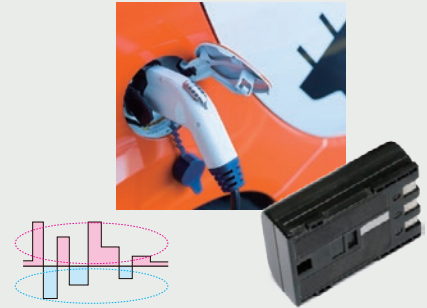
Tutti i valori RMS, i valori medi, le componenti in DC e AC, i segnali fondamentali, l'analisi armonica ed il THD fino al 50° ordine, i dati energetici, sono misurati, elaborati e visualizzabili simultaneamente. Ogni singolo valore a display può essere liberamente configurato; il software per PC in dotazione consente di acquisire oltre 180 dati di misura, anche in sincronizzazione tra più unità PW3335.



## 7 Potenza assorbita e generata (ricarica) conteggiate su totalizzatori di energia indipendenti

La totalizzazione di energia su contatori separati e distinti permette di valutare la potenza in ingresso e d'uscita delle batterie di veicoli elettrici ed ibridi, nonché per misurare l'energia venduta da impianti fotovoltaici.

Example of power fluctuation



## 8 Misura di correnti elevate (>30A) tramite abbinamento a sensori amperometrici opzionali (solo per i modelli PW3335/03 e PW3335/04)

I modelli PW3335/03 e PW3335/04 dispongono di un ingresso di corrente aggiuntivo per l'abbinamento a sensori amperometrici esterni; in questo modo è possibile estendere il campo di misura fino a 5kA. I sensori di corrente CA/CC garantiscono una precisione di misura complessiva massima del  $\pm 0.26\%$ .



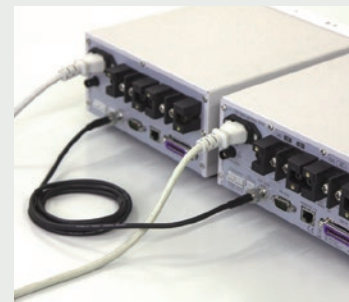
## 9 Sincronizzazione fino a 8 unità PW3335

La sincronizzazione consente di avere tanti canali di misura perfettamente simultanei, organizzati e gestiti dall'unità configurata come "master".

In questo modo risulta facile svolgere comparazioni IN/OUT o tra dispositivi in parallelo, sincronizzando il momento di start e stop.

PW3335 può essere sincronizzato sia come master, sia come slave, agli altri wattmetri trifase mod. PW3336 e PW3337.

L'applicativo software fornito in dotazione permette elaborazioni multiple, da valori provenienti da diverse unità PW333x.

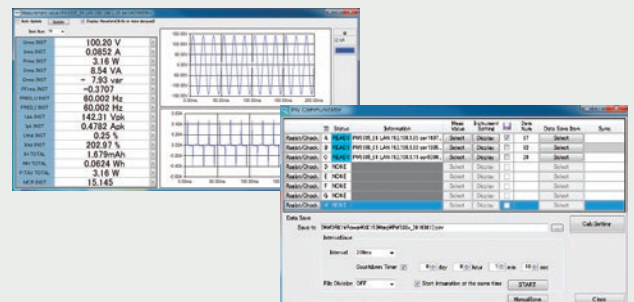


## 10 PW33 Communicator software (vedere sezione specifica)

Utilizzando il software applicativo per PC in dotazione, è possibile gestire il wattmetro da un computer remoto.

L'applicativo software consente di salvare i file dati su PC, visualizzare a monitor le forme d'onda ed eseguire calcoli di efficienza elettrica/energetica.

La connessione può essere fatta su interfaccia LAN, RS232 o GP-IB in funzione del modello in uso.

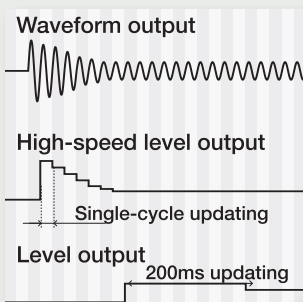


# 11 5 modelli per tante soluzioni

MODELLO	MISURA ARMONICHE	INGRESSO SENSORE DI CORRENTE	GESTIONE SINCRONIA	LAN	RS232	GP-IB	USCITE D/A
PW3335	•		•	•	•		
PW3335/01	•		•	•		•	
PW3335/02	•		•	•	•		
PW3335/03	•	•	•	•	•		•
PW3335/04	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

# 12 Opzione uscite D/A solo per i modelli PW3335/02 e PW3335/04)

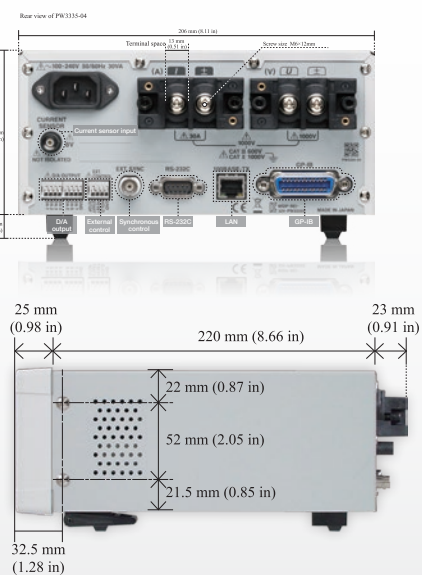
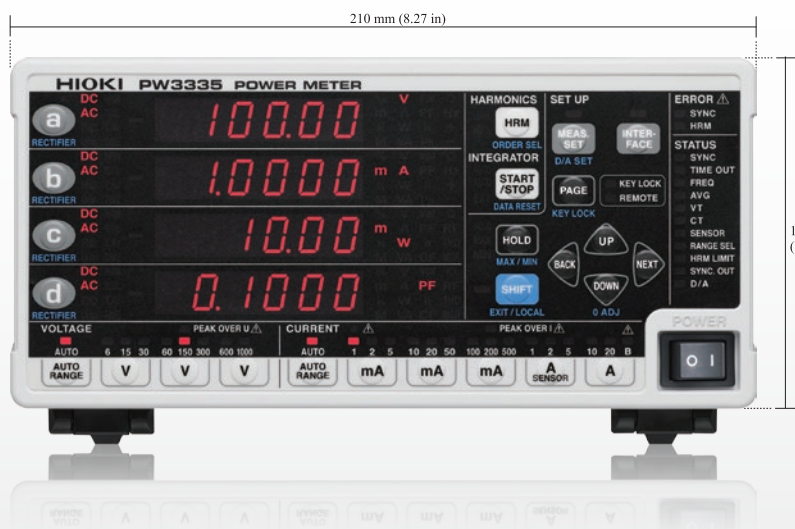
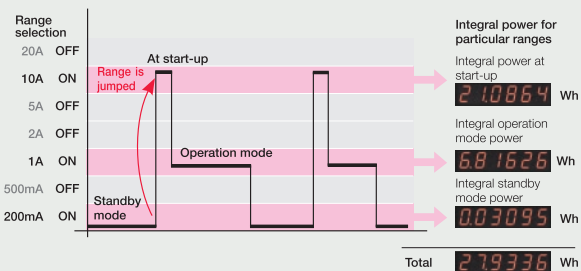
Le versioni /02 e /04 sono equipaggiate di uscita D/A con convertitore a 16 bit per la trasmissione in esterno di un massimo di 7 grandezze in misura. PW3335 integra la funzione d'uscita ad alta velocità dell'ampiezza di Tensione-Corrente-PotenzaAttiva per ogni ciclo della forma d'onda (con fondamentale nel campo 45-66Hz), in aggiunta alla trasmissione in uscita della forma d'onda e di livello RMS. Questa prestazione è ideale per l'analisi del consumo di potenza di attrezzature a funzionamento intermittente.



# 13 Misura di energia su attrezzature a funzionamento intermittente

La funzione di integrazione in auto-range permette a PW3335 di selezionare automaticamente la portata in funzione della corrente istantanea in misura, integrando i valori di energia su livelli diversi.

In questo modo il valore energetico totalizzato risulta corretto e preciso anche quando il carico in esame presenta un funzionamento ed un assorbimento ad intermittenza.



# Specifications

Input Specifications				
Measurement line type	Single-phase 2-wire(IP2W)			
Input methods	Voltage	Isolated input, resistive voltage divider method		
	Current	Isolated input, shunt input method		
Voltage measurement ranges	AUTO/ 60.000 V/ 1.0000 kV	6.0000 V/ 150.00 V/	15.000 V/ 300.00 V/	30.000 V/ 600.00 V/
Current measurement ranges	AUTO/ 10.000 mA/ 200.00 mA/ 5.0000 A/	1.0000 mA/ 20.000 mA/ 500.00 mA/ 10.000 A/	2.0000 mA/ 50.000 mA/ 1.0000 A/ 20.000 A	5.0000 mA/ 100.00 mA/ 2.0000 A/
Power ranges	Depends on the combination of voltage and current ranges; From 6.0000 mW to 20.000 kW (also applies to VA, var)			
Input resistance	Voltage input terminal: Approx.2 MΩ Current input terminal: 1 mA to 100 mA range 520 mΩ or less 200 mA to 20 A range 15 mΩ or less			

Basic Measurement Specifications				
Measurement method	Simultaneous voltage and current digital sampling, zero-cross simultaneous calculation			
Sampling frequency	Approx. 700 kHz			
A/D converter resolution	16-bit			
Frequency bandwidth	DC, 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz (Values within 0.1Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz are for reference only)			
Synchronization sources	U, I, DC (fixed to 200 ms)			
Measurement items	Voltage Apparent power Phase angle Active power integration Voltage waveform peak value Voltage crest factor Maximum current ratio Time average active power Voltage ripple rate	Current Reactive power Frequency Integration time Current waveform peak value Current crest factor Time average current Current ripple rate	Active power Power factor Current integration Integration time Current waveform peak value Current crest factor Time average current Current ripple rate	Harmonic parameters Harmonic voltage RMS value Harmonic active power Total harmonic current distortion Fundamental wave current Fundamental wave apparent power Fundamental wave reactive power Fundamental wave power factor (Displacement power factor) Fundamental wave voltage current phase difference Harmonic voltage content percentage Harmonic current content percentage Harmonic active power content percentage (The following parameters can be downloaded as data via PC communication) Harmonic voltage phase angle Harmonic current phase angle Harmonic voltage current phase difference
Rectifiers	AC+DC : AC+DC measurement Display of true RMS values for both voltage and current  AC+DC Umn : AC+DC measurement Display of average value rectified RMS converted values for voltage and true RMS values for current  DC : DC measurement Display of simple averages for both voltage and current Display of values calculated by (voltage DC value) × (current DC value) for active power  AC : AC measurement Display of values calculated by $\sqrt{(AC+DC \text{ value})^2 - (DC \text{ value})^2}$ for both voltage and current Display of values calculated by (AC+DC value) - (DC value) for active power  FND : Extraction and display of the fundamental wave component from harmonic measurement			
Zero-cross Filter	100 Hz: 0.1 Hz to 100 Hz    500 Hz: 0.1 Hz to 500 Hz 5 kHz: 0.1 Hz to 5 kHz    100 kHz: 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz			

Measurement accuracy				
Voltage				
Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input	
DC	±0.1rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.05%f.s.	±0.15%rdg.	±0.15%rdg.	
66Hz<f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
500Hz<f≤10kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
10kHz<f≤50kHz	±0.5%rdg.±0.3%f.s.	±0.8%rdg.	±0.8%rdg.	
50kHz<f≤100kHz	±2.1%rdg.±0.3%f.s.	±2.4%rdg.	±2.4%rdg.	
Current				
Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input	
DC	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.05%f.s.	±0.15%rdg.	±0.15%rdg.	
66Hz<f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
500Hz<f≤1kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
1kHz<f≤10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	
10kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg.±0.3%f.s.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	
Active power				
Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input	
DC	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.05%f.s.	±0.15%rdg.	±0.15%rdg.	
66Hz<f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
500Hz<f≤1kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
1kHz<f≤10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	
10kHz<f≤50kHz	±(0.07×F)%rdg.±0.3%f.s.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	
50kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg.±0.3%f.s.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.</li> <li>• "F" in the tables refers to the frequency in kHz.</li> <li>• When using the 1 mA / 2 mA range: Add ±1 μA to 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 μA) × (voltage read value) to 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>• When using the 200 mA / 500 mA / 1 A / 2 A / 5 A / 10 A / 20 A range: Add ±1 mA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 mA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>• When using the 1 mA / 2 mA / 5 mA / 10 mA / 20 mA / 50 mA / 100 mA range: Add ±10 μA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±10 μA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>• When using the 200 mA / 500 mA / 1 A / 2 A / 5 A / 10 A / 20 A range: Add ±(0.02×F)% rdg. to the measurement accuracy for current and active power for which (10 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz).</li> <li>• The measurement results for following input are considered reference values: Values for voltage, current, and active power for which 0.1 Hz ≤ f &lt; 10 Hz. Values for voltage, current, and active power in excess of 220 V or 20 A for which 10 Hz ≤ f &lt; 16 Hz. Values for current and active power in excess of 20 A for which 500 Hz &lt; f ≤ 50 kHz. Values for current and active power in excess of 10 A for which 50 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz. Values for voltage and active power in excess of 750 V for which 30 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz.</li> </ul>			
Effective measuring range	Voltage 1% to 150% of the range (1000 V range, up to 1000 V) Current 1% to 150% of the range Active power 0% to 225% of the range (when using 1000 V range, up to 150%) However, valid when the voltage and current fall within the effective measurement range.			
Maximum effective peak voltage	±600% of each voltage range However, for 300 V, 600 V, and 1000 V ranges, ±1500 V peak			
Maximum effective peak current	±600% of each current range However, for 20 A range, ±60 A peak			
Guaranteed accuracy period	1 year			
Conditions of guaranteed accuracy	Temperature and humidity range: 23°C±5°C (73°F±9°F), 80% RH or less Warm-up time: 30 minutes Input: Sine wave input, power factor of 1, voltage to earth of 0 V, after zero-adjustment; within range in which the fundamental wave satisfies synchronization source conditions			
Temperature coefficient	±0.03%f.s. per °C or less. However, for 1 mA range, ±0.06%f.s. per °C or less.			

Effect of power factor	±0.1% f.s. or less (45 to 66 Hz, at power factor = 0) Internal circuitry voltage/current phase difference: ±0.0573°
Effect of common mode voltage	±0.01% f.s. or less (600 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz, applied between input terminals and enclosure)
Effect of magnetic field	400 A/m, DC and 50 Hz/60 Hz magnetic field Voltage ±1.5% f.s. or less Current ±1.5% f.s. or less than or equal to the following value, whichever is greater 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: ±20 mA 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: ±200 µA Active power ±3.0% f.s. or less than or equal to the following value, whichever is greater 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: (Voltage influence quantity) × (±20 mA) 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: (Voltage influence quantity) × (±200 µA)
Effect of self-heating	With input of at least 15 A to current input terminals Current AC input signal ±((0.025+0.005×(I-15))% rdg. or less DC input signal 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range ±((0.025+0.005×(I-15))% rdg.+(0.5+0.1×(I-15))mA) or less 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range ±((0.025+0.005×(I-15))% rdg.+(5+1×(I-15))µA) or less I: Current read value (A) Active power (above current influence quantity) × (voltage read value) or less  The effects of self-heating will continue to manifest themselves until the input resistance temperature falls, even if the current value is low.

### Voltage/ Current/ Active Power Measurement Specifications

Measurement types	Rectifiers: AC+DC, DC, AC, FND, AC+DC Umn
Effective measuring range	Voltage ±1% to ±150% of the range. However, up to ±1500 V peak value and 1000 V RMS value Current ±1% to ±150% of the range Active Power ±0% to ±225% of the range. However, valid when the voltage and current fall within the effective measurement range.
Display range	Voltage Up to ±152% of the range. However, zero-suppression when less than ±0.5% Current Up to ±152% of the range. However, zero-suppression when less than ±0.5% or less than ±9 µA. Active Power ±0% to ±231.04% of the range (no zero-suppression)
Polarity	Voltage/ Current Displayed when using DC rectifier Active Power Positive : Power consumption (no polarity display) Negative : generation or regenerated power

### Frequency Measurement Specifications

Number of measurement channels	2 (Voltage, current)
Measurement method	Calculated from input waveform period (reciprocal method)
Measurement ranges	100 Hz/ 500 Hz/ 5 kHz/ 100 kHz (linked to zero-cross filter)
Measurement accuracy	±0.1% rdg. ±1 dgt. However, for 1 mA range, ±0.2% rdg. ±1 dgt.
Effective measuring range	0.1 Hz to 100 kHz For sine wave input that is at least 20% of the measurement source's measurement range Measurement lower limit frequency setting: 0.1 sec. / 1 sec. / 10 sec. (linked to synchronization timeout setting)
Display format	0.1000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 99.00 Hz to 999.99 Hz, 0.9900 kHz to 9.9999 kHz, 9.900 kHz to 99.999 kHz, 99.00 kHz to 100.00 kHz

### Apparent Power/ Reactive Power/ Power Factor/ Phase Angle Measurement Specifications

Measurement types	Rectifiers Apparent Power/ Reactive Power/ Power Factor AC+DC, AC, FND, AC+DC Umn Phase Angle AC, FND
Effective measuring range	As per voltage, current, and active power effective measurement ranges

Display range	Apparent Power/ Reactive Power 0% to 231.04% of the range (no zero-suppression) Power Factor ±0.0000 to ±1.0000 Phase Angle +180.00 to -180.00
Polarity	Reactive Power/ Power Factor/ Phase Angle Polarity is assigned according to the lead/lag relationship of the voltage waveform rising edge and the current waveform rising edge. +: When current lags voltage (no polarity display) -: When current leads voltage

### Power Calculation Formulas

S : Apparent power	$S = U \times I$
Q : Reactive power	$Q = si \sqrt{S^2 - P^2}$
λ : Power factor	$\lambda = si   P/S  $
φ : Phase angle	$\phi = si \cos^{-1}   \lambda  $ (±90° to ±180°) $\phi = si   180 - \cos^{-1}   \lambda  $ (0° to ±90°)

U: Voltage, I: Current, P: Active Power, si: Polarity symbol (acquired based on voltage waveform and current waveform lead and lag)

### Voltage Waveform Peak Value/ Current Waveform Peak Value Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Measures the voltage waveform's peak value (for both positive and negative polarity) based on sampled instantaneous voltage values.																													
Range configuration	Voltage																													
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Measurement accuracy	±2.0% f.s. at DC and when 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz (f.s.: current peak range). Provided as reference value when 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz and when 1 kHz < f. The above measurement accuracy is multiplied by 2 for the 1 mA range.																													
Effective measuring range	±5% to ±100% of current peak range, however, up to ±60 A																													
Display range	Up to ±102% of current peak range, however, the value 0 will be displayed if the current RMS value triggers the instrument's zero suppression function.																													

### Voltage Crest Factor/Current Crest Factor Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the ratio of the voltage waveform peak value to the voltage RMS value.
Effective measuring range	As per voltage and voltage waveform peak value, or current and current waveform peak value effective measurement ranges.
Display range	1.0000 to 612.00 (no polarity)

### Voltage Ripple Rate/ Current Ripple Rate Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the AC component (peak to peak [peak width]) as a proportion of the voltage or current DC component.
Effective measuring range	As per voltage and voltage waveform peak value, or current and current waveform peak value effective measurement ranges.
Display range	0.00 to 500.00 (No polarity)

## Maximum Current Ratio Measurement Specifications (MCR)

Measurement method	Calculates the ratio of the current crest factor to the power factor. (MCR) = (Current Crest Factor) / (Power Factor)
Effective measuring range	As per power factor (voltage, current, active power) and current crest factor (current, current waveform peak value) effective measurement ranges.
Display range	1.0000 to 6.1200 M (no polarity)

## Synchronized control

Functions	The timing of calculations; display updates; data updates; integration start, stop, and reset events; display hold operation; key lock operation; and zero-adjustment operation for the slave PW3335 series is synchronized with the master PW3335 series. Synchronization with the PW3336 series and PW3337 series is also supported.
Terminal	BNC terminal × 1 (non-isolated)
Terminal name	External synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC)
I/O settings	Off Synchronized control function off (signals input to the external synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC) are ignored) In The external synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC) is set to input, and a dedicated synchronization signal can be input (slave). Out The external synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC) is set to output, and a dedicated synchronization signal can be output (master).
Number of units for which synchronized control can be performed	Up to 7 slaves per master (total of 8 units including the PW3336/PW3337 series)

## Functional Specifications

Auto-range (AUTO)	Automatically changes the voltage and current range according to the input.  Range up: The range is increased when input exceeds 150% of the range or when the peak is exceeded. Range down: The range is decreased when input falls below 15% of the range. However, the range is not decreased when the peak is exceeded at the lower range. The input level is monitored, and the range is switched over multiple ranges. Range select can be used to disable ranges so that they are not selected.																
Range select	Selects whether to enable (turn on) or disable (turn off) individual voltage and current ranges.  Enabled (use): Ranges can be selected with the range keys. Range switching occurs using auto-range operation. Range switching occurs during auto-range integration. Disabled (do not use): Ranges cannot be selected with the range keys. Range switching does not occur using auto-range operation. Range switching does not occur during auto-range integration.																
Zero-cross filter's threshold level	Sets the zero-cross filter's threshold level for voltage and current ranges. Set from 1% to 15% (in 1% intervals). Synchronization occurs when the percentage level set for each measurement range is exceeded.																
Averaging	Averages the voltage, current, active power, apparent power, and reactive power. (Other than harmonic measurement parameters.) The power factor and phase angle are calculated from averaged data. Averaging is not performed for parameters other than those listed above. Method: Simple averaging  Number of averaging iterations and display update interval <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of averaging iterations</th> <th>Display update interval</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 (OFF)</td> <td>200 ms</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>400 ms</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>1 s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>2 s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25</td> <td>5 s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>50</td> <td>10 s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>20 s</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Number of averaging iterations	Display update interval	1 (OFF)	200 ms	2	400 ms	5	1 s	10	2 s	25	5 s	50	10 s	100	20 s
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Scaling (VT, CT)	Applies user-defined VT and CT ratio settings to measured values. VT ratio setting range OFF (1.0), 0.001 to 1000 CT ratio setting range OFF (1.0), 0.001 to 1000																
Hold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stops display updates for all measured values and fixes the display values at that point in time.</li> <li>Measurement data acquired by communications is also fixed at that point in time.</li> <li>Internal calculations (including integration and integration elapsed time) will continue.</li> <li>Analog output and waveform output are not held</li> </ul>																

Maximum value/minimum value hold (MAX/MIN HOLD)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Detects maximum and minimum measured values (except current integration, active power integration, integration elapsed time, time average current, and time average active power values) as well as maximum and minimum values for the voltage waveform peak and current waveform peak and holds them on the display.</li> <li>For data with polarity, display of the maximum value and minimum value for the data's absolute values is held (so that both positive and negative polarity values are shown). However, this does not apply to the voltage waveform peak value or the current waveform peak value.</li> <li>Internal calculations (including integration and integration elapsed time) will continue.</li> <li>The maximum and minimum values during integration are detected (maximum/minimum value measurement during the integration interval).</li> <li>Analog output and waveform output are not held.</li> </ul>
Zero Adjustment	Zeroes out the voltage and current input offset.
Key-lock	Disables key input in the measurement state, except for the KEY LOCK key.
Backup	Backs up settings and integration data if the instrument is turned off and if a power outage occurs.
System Reset	Initializes the instrument's settings.

## Integration Measurement Specifications

Integration operation modes	Switchable between fixed-range integration and auto-range integration.  Fixed-range integration Integration can be performed for all voltage and current ranges. The voltage and current ranges are fixed once integration starts. Auto-range integration Integration can be performed for all voltage ranges. The current is set to auto-range operation using ranges from 200 mA to 20 A. The integrated value for each range can be displayed by switching the current range (200 mA to 20 A) while integration is stopped.
Measurement items and display	Simultaneous integration of the following 6 parameters: Positive current integrated value (Ah+) Negative current integrated value (Ah-) Sum of current integrated values (Ah) Positive active power integrated value (Wh+) Negative active power integrated value (Wh-) Sum of active power integrated values (Wh)
Measurement types	Rectifiers: AC+DC, AC+DC Umm Current: Displays the result of integrating current RMS value data (display values) once every display update interval as an integrated value. Active power: Displays the result of integrating active power values by polarity calculated once every cycle for the selected synchronization source as integrated values. Rectifier: DC Displays the result of integrating instantaneous data obtained by sampling both current and active power by polarity as integrated values (these values are not integrated values for the DC component when active power contains both DC and AC components)
Integration time	1 min. to 10000 hr., settable in 1 min. blocks
Integration time accuracy	±0.01% rdg. ±1 dgt.
Integration measurement accuracy	(Current or active power measurement accuracy) + (±0.01% rdg. ±1 dgt.)
Effective measuring range	Until PEAK OVER U lamp or PEAK OVER I lamp lights up.
Display resolution	999999 (6 digits + decimal point)
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stopping integration based on integration time setting (timer)</li> <li>Stopping/starting integration and resetting integrated values based on external control</li> <li>Displaying the integration elapsed time (displayed as TIME on panel display)</li> <li>Additional integration by repeatedly starting/stopping integration</li> <li>Backing up integrated values and the integration elapsed time during power outages</li> <li>Stopping integration when power returns</li> </ul>

## Time Average Current/ Time Average Active Power Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the average by dividing the current or active power integrated value by the integration time.
Measurement accuracy	(Current or Active power measurement accuracy) + (±0.01% rdg. ±1 dgt.)
Effective measuring range	As per the current or active power integration effective measurement range.
Display range	Time Average Current ±0% to ±612% of the range (Has polarity when using the DC rectifier.) Time Average Active Power ±0% to ±3745.4% of the range (Has polarity)

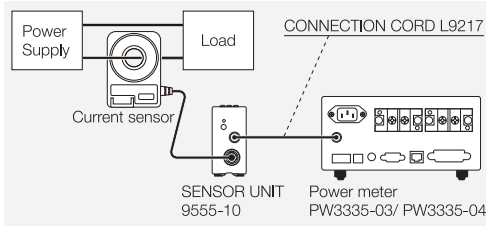
## Harmonic Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Zero-cross simultaneous calculation method Uniform thinning between zero-cross events after processing with a digital antialiasing filter Interpolation calculations (Lagrange interpolation) When the synchronization frequency falls within the 45 Hz to 66 Hz range: IEC 61000-4-7:2002 compliant Gaps and overlaps may occur if the measurement frequency is not 50 Hz or 60 Hz. When the synchronization frequency falls outside the 45 Hz to 66 Hz range: No gaps or overlap will occur.														
Synchronization source	Conforms to synchronization source (SYNC) for the basic measurement specifications.														
Measurement items	Harmonic voltage RMS value      Harmonic voltage content percentage Harmonic voltage phase angle      Harmonic current RMS value Harmonic current content percentage      Harmonic current phase angle Harmonic active power Harmonic active power content percentage Harmonic voltage current phase difference Total harmonic voltage distortion      Total harmonic current distortion Fundamental wave voltage      Fundamental wave current Fundamental wave active power      Fundamental wave apparent power Fundamental wave reactive power      Fundamental wave power factor Fundamental wave voltage current phase difference (The following parameters can be downloaded as data with communications) Harmonic voltage phase angle      Harmonic current phase angle Harmonic voltage current phase difference														
FFT processing	FFT processing word length : 32 bits Number of FFT points : 4096 points														
Window function	Rectangular														
Analysis window width	45 Hz ≤ f < 56 Hz : 178.57 ms to 222.22 ms (10 cycles) 56 Hz ≤ f < 66 Hz : 181.82 ms to 214.29 ms (12 cycles) Frequencies other than the above : 185.92 ms to 214.08 ms														
Data update rate	Depends on window width.														
Maximum analysis order	Synchronization frequency (f) range      Analysis order 10 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz      50th 45 Hz ≤ f < 56 Hz      50th 56 Hz ≤ f < 66 Hz      50th 66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz      50th 100 Hz < f ≤ 200 Hz      40th 200 Hz < f ≤ 300 Hz      25th 300 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz      15th 500 Hz < f ≤ 640 Hz      11th														
Analysis order upper limit setting	2nd to 50th														
Measurement accuracy	f.s.: Measurement range <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (f)</th> <th>Voltage, Current, Active power</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DC</td> <td>±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 Hz ≤ f &lt; 30 Hz</td> <td>±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30 Hz ≤ f &lt; 400 Hz</td> <td>±0.3% rdg. ±0.1%f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>400 Hz &lt; f ≤ 1 kHz</td> <td>±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 kHz &lt; f ≤ 5 kHz</td> <td>±1.0% rdg. ±0.5%f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 kHz &lt; f ≤ 8 kHz</td> <td>±4.0% rdg. ±1.0%f.s.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When using the 1 mA/ 2 mA range: Add ±1 μA to 10 Hz to 8 kHz measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 μA) × (voltage read value) to 10 Hz to 8 kHz measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>When using the 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: Add ±1 mA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 mA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>When using the 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: Add ±10 μA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±10 μA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.</li> </ul>	Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power	DC	±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	10 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz	±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	30 Hz ≤ f < 400 Hz	±0.3% rdg. ±0.1%f.s.	400 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	±1.0% rdg. ±0.5%f.s.	5 kHz < f ≤ 8 kHz	±4.0% rdg. ±1.0%f.s.
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## Display Specifications

Display	7-segment LED
Number of display parameters	4 (display area a, b, c, and d)
Display resolution	Other than integrated values: 99999 count (5 digits) Integrated values: 999999 count (6 digits)
Display update rate	200 ms ±50 ms (approx. 5 updates per sec.) to 20 s (varies with number of averaging iterations setting)

## External Current Sensor Input Specifications (PW3335-03 and PW3335-04)

Terminal	Isolated BNC terminals																																																																				
Current sensor type switching	Off / TYPE.1 / TYPE.2 When set to off, input from the external current sensor input terminal is ignored.																																																																				
Current sensor options	Supported current sensors  TYPE.1 (Can be directly connected) 9661 Clamp on Sensor (500 A AC) 9669 Clamp on Sensor (1000 A AC) 9660 Clamp on Sensor (100 A AC) CT9667 Flexible Clamp on Sensor (500 A/ 5000 A AC switchable)  TYPE.2 (Requires Sensor Unit 9555-10 and Connection Cable L9217) 9272-10 Clamp on Sensor (20 A/ 200 A AC) 9277 Universal Clamp on CT (20 A AC/DC) 9278 Universal Clamp on CT (200 A AC/DC) 9279 Universal Clamp on CT (500 A AC/DC) 9709 AC/DC Current Sensor (500 A AC/DC) CT6862 AC/DC Current Sensor (50 A AC/DC) CT6863 AC/DC Current Sensor (200 A AC/DC) CT6865 AC/DC Current Sensor (1000 A AC/DC) CT6841 AC/DC Current Probe (20 A AC/DC) CT6843 AC/DC Current Probe (200 A AC/DC)																																																																				
	 <p>TYPE2 Current sensor connection diagram</p>																																																																				
Current measurement range	Auto/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A (range noted on panel) Can be read directly by manually setting the CT ratio.																																																																				
Constraints	Auto-range integration not supported.																																																																				
Power range configuration	Depends on the combination of voltage and current ranges; from 24.000 W to 5.0000 MW (also applies to VA, var)																																																																				
Measurement accuracy	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="4">Current/ Active Power</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Frequency (f)</th> <th>Input &lt; 50%f.s.</th> <th>50%f.s. ≤ Input &lt; 100%f.s.</th> <th>100%f.s. ≤ Input</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DC</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.1Hz≤f&lt;16Hz</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16Hz≤f&lt;45Hz</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>45Hz≤f≤66Hz</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.</td> <td>±0.2%rdg.</td> <td>±0.2%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>66Hz&lt;f≤500Hz</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>500Hz&lt;f≤1kHz</td> <td>±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> <td>±0.3%rdg.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="4">Current</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Frequency (f)</th> <th>Input &lt; 50%f.s.</th> <th>50%f.s. ≤ Input &lt; 100%f.s.</th> <th>100%f.s. ≤ Input</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1kHz&lt;f≤10kHz</td> <td>±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> <td>±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10kHz&lt;f≤100kHz</td> <td>±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.</td> <td>±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.</td> <td>±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="4">Active Power</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Frequency (f)</th> <th>Input &lt; 50%f.s.</th> <th>50%f.s. ≤ Input &lt; 100%f.s.</th> <th>100%f.s. ≤ Input</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1kHz&lt;f≤10kHz</td> <td>±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2%f.s.</td> <td>±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> <td>±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10kHz&lt;f≤50kHz</td> <td>±(0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.</td> <td>±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> <td>±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>50kHz&lt;f≤100kHz</td> <td>±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.</td> <td>±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> <td>±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Current/ Active Power				Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input	DC	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1%f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	66Hz<f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	500Hz<f≤1kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2%f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	Current				Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input	1kHz<f≤10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	10kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	Active Power				Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input	1kHz<f≤10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	10kHz<f≤50kHz	±(0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	50kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.
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Current																																																																					
Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input																																																																		
1kHz<f≤10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.																																																																		
10kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.																																																																		
Active Power																																																																					
Frequency (f)	Input < 50%f.s.	50%f.s. ≤ Input < 100%f.s.	100%f.s. ≤ Input																																																																		
1kHz<f≤10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2%f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.																																																																		
10kHz<f≤50kHz	±(0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.																																																																		
50kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3%f.s.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.																																																																		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.</li> <li>"F" in the tables refers to the frequency in kHz.</li> <li>To obtain the current or active power accuracy, add the current sensor's accuracy to the above current and active power accuracy figures.</li> <li>The effective measurement range and frequency characteristics conform to the current sensor's specifications.</li> <li>The following input are considered reference values: Values for voltage, current, and active power for which 0.1 Hz ≤ f &lt; 10 Hz. Values for voltage and active power in excess of 220 V for which 10 Hz ≤ f &lt; 16 Hz. Values for voltage and active power in excess of 750 V for which 30 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz.</li> <li>When using the CT6841/CT6843, add ±2 mV to the CT6841/CT6843 accuracy after performing CT6841/CT6843 zero adjustment using the 1 A range noted on the panel.</li> </ul>																																																																				



Temperature coefficient	Current, active power: $\pm 0.08\%$ f.s./ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ or less (instrument temperature coefficient; f.s.: instrument measurement range) Add current sensor temperature coefficient to above.													
Effect of power factor	Instrument: $\pm 0.15\%$ f.s. or less (45 to 66 Hz with power factor = 0) Internal circuit voltage/current phase difference: $\pm 0.0859^{\circ}$ Add the current sensor phase accuracy to the internal circuit voltage/current phase difference noted above.													
Current waveform peak value measurement specifications	$\pm 2.0\%$ at DC or $10\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 1\text{ kHz}$ (f.s.: current peak range) Add the current sensor accuracy to the above.													
Harmonic measurement accuracy	External current sensor input instrument measurement accuracy only													
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (f)</th> <th>Voltage, Current, Active power</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DC</td> <td><math>\pm 0.4\%</math> rdg. <math>\pm 0.2\%</math> f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>10\text{ Hz} \leq f &lt; 30\text{ Hz}</math></td> <td><math>\pm 0.4\%</math> rdg. <math>\pm 0.2\%</math> f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>30\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 400\text{ Hz}</math></td> <td><math>\pm 0.3\%</math> rdg. <math>\pm 0.1\%</math> f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>400\text{ Hz} &lt; f \leq 1\text{ kHz}</math></td> <td><math>\pm 0.4\%</math> rdg. <math>\pm 0.2\%</math> f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>1\text{ kHz} &lt; f \leq 5\text{ kHz}</math></td> <td><math>\pm 1.0\%</math> rdg. <math>\pm 0.5\%</math> f.s.</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>5\text{ kHz} &lt; f \leq 8\text{ kHz}</math></td> <td><math>\pm 4.0\%</math> rdg. <math>\pm 1.0\%</math> f.s.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.</li> <li>• To obtain the current or active power accuracy, add the current sensor's accuracy to the above current and active power accuracy figures.</li> <li>• When using the CT6841/CT6843, add <math>\pm 2\text{ mV}</math> to the CT6841/CT6843 accuracy after performing CT6841/CT6843 zero adjustment using the 1 A range noted on the panel.</li> </ul>	Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power	DC	$\pm 0.4\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.	$10\text{ Hz} \leq f < 30\text{ Hz}$	$\pm 0.4\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.	$30\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 400\text{ Hz}$	$\pm 0.3\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.1\%$ f.s.	$400\text{ Hz} < f \leq 1\text{ kHz}$	$\pm 0.4\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.	$1\text{ kHz} < f \leq 5\text{ kHz}$	$\pm 1.0\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.5\%$ f.s.	$5\text{ kHz} < f \leq 8\text{ kHz}$
Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power													
DC	$\pm 0.4\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.													
$10\text{ Hz} \leq f < 30\text{ Hz}$	$\pm 0.4\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.													
$30\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 400\text{ Hz}$	$\pm 0.3\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.1\%$ f.s.													
$400\text{ Hz} < f \leq 1\text{ kHz}$	$\pm 0.4\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.													
$1\text{ kHz} < f \leq 5\text{ kHz}$	$\pm 1.0\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.5\%$ f.s.													
$5\text{ kHz} < f \leq 8\text{ kHz}$	$\pm 4.0\%$ rdg. $\pm 1.0\%$ f.s.													

## D/A Output Specifications (PW3335-02 and PW3335-04)

Number of output channels	7 channels
Configuration	16-bit D/A converter (polarity + 15 bits)
Output voltage	The output level, output speed, and waveform output can be selected. Level output 2 Vf.s. or 5 Vf.s., linked to display updates High-speed level output 2 Vf.s. or 5 Vf.s., linked to synchronization interval Waveform output 1 Vf.s., linked to sampling
Output parameters	Output parameters for all channels Available selections vary with the output parameter.  Level output/ High-speed level output/ Waveform output Voltage, current, active power Only Level output Apparent power, reactive power, power factor, phase angle, total harmonic voltage distortion, total harmonic current distortion, voltage ripple rate, current ripple rate, voltage crest factor, current crest factor, time average current, time average active power, maximum current ratio Only Level output 5 Vf.s. Frequency, current integration, active power integration  The rectifier can be selected. Harmonic-order output is not supported.
Output accuracy	f.s.: Relative to the output voltage rated value for each output parameter Level output (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.) High-speed level output (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.) Waveform output (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 1.0\%$ f.s.)
Output frequency band	Waveform output, high-speed level output At DC or 10 Hz to 30 kHz, accuracy is as defined above.
Maximum output voltage	Approx. $\pm 12\text{ V DC}$
Output update rate	Level output Same as the data update period. High-speed level output AC Updated once every cycle for the input waveform set as the synchronization source. However, voltage and current are only updated once every cycle for input signals from 45 to 66 Hz. Waveform output Approx. $1.43\ \mu\text{s}$ (approx. 700 kHz)
Response time	Level output 0.6 sec. or less High-speed level output 2 ms or less Waveform output 0.2 ms or less
Temperature coefficient	$\pm 0.05\%$ f.s./ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ or less
Output resistance	Approx. $100\ \Omega$

## External control

Functions	Integration start/stop, integration reset and hold via external control
Input signal level	0 to 5 V (high-speed CMOS level) or shorted [Lo]/ open [Hi]

## GP-IB interface (PW3335-01 and PW3335-04)

Method	Compliant with IEEE488.1 1987, in reference to IEEE488.2 1987 Interface functions SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0
Address	00 to 30

## RS-232C interface (PW3335, PW3335-02, PW3335-03, and PW3335-04)

Connector	D-sub 9-pin connector $\times 1$
Communication method	Full duplex, Start-stop synchronization Stop bits: 1 (fixed) Data length: 8 (fixed) Parity: None
Communication speed	9600 bps/ 38400 bps

## LAN interface

Connector	RJ-45 connector $\times 1$
Electrical specifications	Compliant with IEEE802.3
Transmission method	10Base-T/ 100Base-TX (automatic detection)
Protocol	TCP/ IP
Functions	HTTP server (remote operation, firmware updates) Dedicated ports (command control, data transfer) Remote control by controller

## General Specifications

Product warranty period	1 year
Operating environment	Indoors, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.), pollution degree 2
Operating temperature and humidity	$0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $32^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $104^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Storage temperature and humidity	$-10^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $122^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Dielectric strength	4290 V rms AC (current sensitivity: 1 mA) Between the voltage input terminals and a connection consisting of chassis, interfaces, and output terminals Between the current input terminals and a connection consisting of chassis, interfaces, and output terminals Between the voltage input terminals and current input terminals
Maximum rated voltage to earth	Voltage input terminal, Current input terminal Measurement category III 600 V (anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V) Measurement category II 1000 V (anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V)
Maximum input voltage	Between the voltage input terminals U and $\pm 1000\text{ V}$ , $\pm 1500\text{ V peak}$
Maximum input current	Between the current input terminals I and $\pm 200\text{ mA}$ to 20 A range 30 A, $\pm 100\text{ A peak}$ 1 mA to 100 mA range 20 A, $\pm 30\text{ A peak}$
Applicable Standards	Safety EN61010 EMC EN61326 Class A EN61000-3-2 EN61000-3-3
Rated supply voltage	100 V AC to 240 V AC 50 Hz/60 Hz
Maximum rated power	30 VA or less
Dimensions	Approx. $210\text{W} \times 100\text{H} \times 245\text{D mm}$ ( $8.27\text{W} \times 3.94\text{H} \times 9.65\text{D}$ ) (excluding protrusions)
Mass	Approx. 3 kg (105.8 oz.)
Accessories	Instruction manual $\times 1$ Power cord $\times 1$ Voltage and current input terminal safety cover $\times 2$

POWER METER PW3335 series Accessories : Instruction manual ×1, Power cord ×1, Voltage and current input terminal safety cover ×2



<b>PW3335</b>	With LAN terminal	and RS-232C terminal
<b>PW3335-01</b>	With LAN terminal	and GP-IB terminal
<b>PW3335-02</b>	With LAN terminal	RS-232C terminal and D/A output terminal
<b>PW3335-03</b>	With LAN terminal	RS-232C terminal and external current sensor input terminals
<b>PW3335-04</b>	With LAN terminal GP-IB terminal	RS-232C terminal and D/A output terminal external current sensor input terminals

## Options

**Current measurement options [Type 1]** Can be directly connected to the current sensor input terminals on the PW3335-03/ PW3335-04



**CLAMP ON SENSOR 9660**  
100 A AC,  $\phi 15$  mm(0.59"), 40 Hz to 5 kHz  
 $\pm 0.3\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.02\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 1^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)



**CLAMP ON SENSOR 9661**  
500 A AC,  $\phi 46$  mm(1.81"), 40 Hz to 5 kHz  
 $\pm 0.3\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.5^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)



**CLAMP ON SENSOR 9669**  
1000 A AC,  $\phi 55$  mm(2.17"),  $80 \times 20$  mm (3.15"  $\times$  0.79") busbar  
40 Hz to 5 kHz  
 $\pm 1.0\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 1^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)



**CLAMP ON SENSOR CT9667**  
500 A AC/5000 A AC Switchable,  $\phi 254$  mm(10"), 10 Hz to 20 kHz  
 $\pm 2.0\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.3\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 1^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
Power supply : LR6 alkaline battery  $\times 2$ , or AC Adapter (option)  
Option : **AC ADAPTER 9445-02** (universal 100 V to 240 VAC /for USA)  
**AC ADAPTER 9445-03** (universal 100 V to 240 VAC /for Europe)

**Current measurement options [Type 2]** Requires Sensor Unit 9555-10 and Connection Cable L9217



**CLAMP ON SENSOR 9272-10**  
20 A AC/ 200 A AC Switchable,  $\phi 46$  mm(1.81"), 1 Hz to 100 kHz  
 $\pm 0.3\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.2^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**AC/DC CURRENT PROBE CT6841**  
20 A AC/DC,  $\phi 20$  mm(0.79"), DC to 1 MHz  
 $\pm 0.3\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy DC  $< f \leq 100$  Hz)  
 $\pm 0.1^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy DC  $< f \leq 100$  Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**AC/DC CURRENT PROBE CT6843**  
200 A AC/DC,  $\phi 20$  mm(0.79"), DC to 500 kHz  
 $\pm 0.3\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy DC  $< f \leq 100$  Hz)  
 $\pm 0.1^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy DC  $< f \leq 100$  Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**UNIVERSAL CLAMP ON CT 9279/01**  
500 A AC,  $\phi 40$  mm(1.57"), DC to 20 kHz  
 $\pm 0.5\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.05\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.2^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR CT6862**  
50 A AC/DC,  $\phi 24$  mm(0.94"), DC to 1 MHz  
 $\pm 0.05\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 16 Hz to 400 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.2^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 16 Hz to 400 Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR CT6863**  
200 A AC/DC,  $\phi 24$  mm(0.94"), DC to 500 kHz  
 $\pm 0.05\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 16 Hz to 400 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.2^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 16 Hz to 400 Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR 9709**  
500 A AC/DC,  $\phi 36$  mm(1.42"), DC to 100 kHz  
 $\pm 0.05\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.2^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 45 Hz to 66 Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10



**AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR CT6865**  
1000 A AC/DC,  $\phi 36$  mm(1.42"), DC to 20 kHz  
 $\pm 0.05\% \text{rdg.} \pm 0.01\% \text{f.s.}$  (Amplitude accuracy 16 Hz to 66 Hz)  
 $\pm 0.2^\circ$  or less (Phase accuracy 16 Hz to 66 Hz)  
Power supply : SENSOR UNIT 9555-10

## Type 2 Current sensor options



**SENSOR UNIT 9555-10**  
POWER SUPPLY 100 V to 240 V AC (50Hz/ 60Hz)



**CONNECTION CORD L9217**  
For sensor output, Isolated BNC to isolated BNC  
Cord length: 3m

## Communications and control options



**RS-232C CABLE 9637**  
Cable length: 1.8 m (5.91 ft)  
9pin to 9pin



**RS-232C CABLE 9638**  
Cable length: 1.8 m (5.91 ft)  
9pin to 25pin



**GP-IB CONNECTOR CABLE 9151-02**  
Cable length: 2 m (6.56 ft)



**LAN CABLE 9642**  
Cable length: 5 m (16.41 ft)  
supplied with straight to cross conversion cable



**CONNECTION CORD 9165**  
For synchronized control  
Cable length: 1.5 m (4.92 ft),  
metal BNC to metal BNC

# PW Communicator software

Software applicativo per PC

PW Communicator è un applicativo software fornito in dotazione ai wattmetri PWxxxx che consente l'interfacciamento a PC tramite connessione su porta LAN-RJ45, su seriale RS232 o su seriale GP-IB.

L'applicativo software offre le funzionalità di configurazione dello strumento, di impostazione dell'intervallo temporale di acquisizione dei dati, di elaborazione dei calcoli numerici basati sui dati raccolti, di calcolo dei parametri di efficienza elettrica, la visualizzazione istantanea di 10 o più parametri di misura e le relative forme d'onda, e molto altro.

## Monitoraggio valori istantanei

La funzione di visualizzazione dei valori istantanei trasferisce a monitor le misurazioni svolte dal wattmetro connesso.

## Monitoraggio forme d'onda

Questa funzione consente di visualizzare a monitor le forme d'onda dei segnali di tensione e corrente misurati dal wattmetro PWxxxx connesso.

## Impostazioni

Tramite l'applicativo PW Communicator si possono configurare le condizioni di misura di PWxxxx.

## Sincronizzazione di più unità

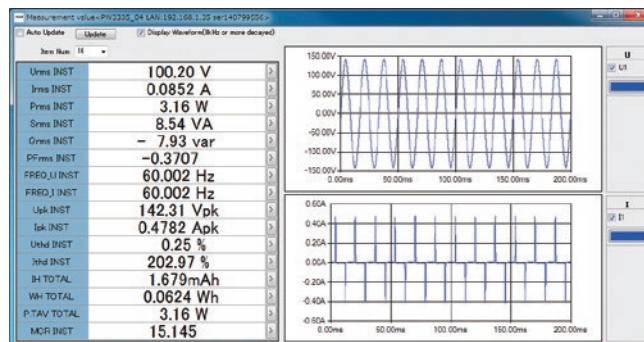
Utilizzando più unità PWxxxx in sincronizzazione, è possibile calcolare l'efficienza elettrica ingresso/uscita di un convertitore di potenza o raffrontare più apparecchiature elettriche in contemporanea. Questa funzione può essere utilizzata per controllare in modo sincrono fino a 8 wattmetri, anche in configurazione mista PW3335-PW3336-PW3337.

Per la sincronizzazione è necessario il cavo opzionale 9165. È possibile sincronizzare 2 unità PW6001 tramite il cavo in fibra ottica L6000.

## Salvataggio dati su file CSV

L'applicativo consente di memorizzare fino a 180 dati di misura su file CSV, con un intervallo di registrazione fisso.

L'intervallo di registrazione è configurabile da un minimo di 200millisecondi, fino a una cadenza massima di 60 minuti.



ID	状態	接続先情報	測定値表示	機器設定	項目数	保存項目	同期設定
登録/確認 A	READY	PW3335_04 LAN:192.168.1.105 ser:1407	選択	表示	37	選択	
登録/確認 B	READY	PW3336_01 LAN:192.168.1.205 ser:1905	選択	表示	92	選択	
登録/確認 C	READY	PW3335_04 LAN:192.168.1.111 ser:1805	選択	表示	28	選択	
登録/確認 D	NONE		選択	表示		選択	
登録/確認 E	NONE		選択	表示		選択	
登録/確認 F	NONE		選択	表示		選択	
登録/確認 G	NONE		選択	表示		選択	
登録/確認 H	NONE		選択	表示		選択	

ファイル出力  
 保存先: インタープリ/保存  
 インターバル: 200ms  
 カウントダウンタイマー:  0日 0時間 1分 10秒  
 ファイル分割: OFF  保存/読取同時スタート  
 決定開始 手動保存 閉じる

時間	ID	電圧	電流	電力	...
2019/9/12 11:56:34 START					
2019/9/12 11:56:35	A	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:36	B	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:37	C	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:38	D	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:39	E	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:40	F	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:41	G	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:42	H	100.20	0.0852	3.16	...
2019/9/12 11:56:43					

### CARATTERISTICHE DEL SOFTWARE

Ambiente operativo	Compatibile PC/AT
Sistema operativo	Windows 7, Win 8, Win 8.1 (32/64bit)
Memoria fissa	Minimo 2GB
Interfaccia	LAN, RS232, GP-IB

**Report software:** per la creazione di report indicanti il rispetto dei requisiti definiti della norma CEI EN 62301 – STAND-BY (disponibile a breve)

**Driver per Labview:** il driver per Labview consente di acquisire le misurazioni effettuate dai wattmetri PWxxxx su software National Labview (marchio registrato di National Instruments Corporation)

I modelli proposti

# Wattmetri di Precisione



	PW6001	3390	PW3337	PW3336	PW3335
<b>Canali di misura V e I</b>	fino a 6 e 6	4 e 4	4 e 3	2 e 2	1 e 1
<b>Misura di tensione</b>	fino a 1500V	fino a 1500V	fino a 1000V	fino a 1000V	fino a 1000V
<b>Misura diretta di corrente</b>	fino a 50A*		fino a 65A	fino a 65A	fino a 30A
<b>Misura indiretta di corrente</b>	fino a 1000A	fino a 1200A	fino a 5000A	fino a 5000A	fino a 5000A
<b>Banda di Frequenza</b>	da DC a 2MHz	da DC a 150kHz	da DC a 100kHz	da DC a 100kHz	da DC a 100kHz
<b>Parametri elettrici (V, I, P, Q, S, PF, FQ, ...)</b>	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Integrazione di Energia</b>	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Distorsione Armonica Totale THD%</b>	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Analisi componenti armoniche V e I</b>	• (fino 50° ordine)	• (fino 100° ordine)	• (fino 50° ordine)	• (fino 50° ordine)	• (fino 50° ordine)
<b>Campionamento</b>	5MHz	500kHz	700kHz	700kHz	700kHz
<b>Cadenza di registrazione</b>	da 200 msec a 60 min	da 50 msec a 60 min	da 200 msec a 60 min	da 200 msec a 60 min	da 200 msec a 60 min
<b>Memorizzazione dati</b>	memoria interna e USB key	CF Card	su PC	su PC	su PC
<b>Display grafico</b>	•	•			
<b>Interfacce</b>	LAN, RS232 (GP-IB)	USB, LAN, CF Card	LAN, RS232 (GP-IB)	LAN, RS232 (GP-IB)	LAN, RS232 (GP-IB)
<b>Alimentazione</b>	Rete	Rete	Rete	Rete	Rete
<b>Analisi FFT sulle forme d'onda</b>	•	•			
<b>Opzione rendimento meccanico dei motori</b>	•	•			

\* tramite modulo opzionale